#### **The Minor Prophets**

Lee Campbell

#### **Registration Issues**

- If you are not registered do so.
- If you have not paid do so.
- Pick up copies of the handouts

One copy each please!

#### **Course Overview**

- Let's examine the syllabus.
- Let's look at the handouts.
  - •Appendices A I
  - •Tables 1 & 2;
  - Bibliography

- Introduction
- An Overview of Prophecy
- The Day of the Lord
- God in Human History

- Core message → God's in charge
   1. God's goals should be prioritized.
  - 2. God can, must and will judge human rebellion but is deeply burdened about its affects.
  - 3. God disciplines to motivate change.

#### Introduction Core message • The Tenach The description and history of God's relationships with people, nations and his special contractual relationship with Israel.

- Core message
- The Tenach

The description and history of God's relationships with people, nations and his special contractual relationship with Israel.

Why call it the Old Testament?

"The day is coming," says the Lord, "when I will make a new covenant with the people of Israel and Judah...this is the new covenant I will make with the people of Israel on that day"..."I will put my instructions deep within them, and I will write them on their hearts. I will be their God, and they will be my people. Jeremiah 31:31,33 This cup is the new covenant in my blood, which is poured out for you. Luke 22:20 This is my blood of the new covenant which is poured out for many for the forgiveness of sins. Matthew 26:27f & 1Corinthians 11:23ff

- Core message
- The Tenach (c.f. Appendix D)
  - The Law the Pentateuch
    - •from yarah to throw, aim or shoot
  - •Denotes guidance, instruction & law The Writings - Books of Wisdom The Prophets - Former & Latter

 Core message
 The Tenach The Dodecapropheton Earliest reference:

And may the bones of the Twelve Prophets revive out their place, for they comforted Jacob and delivered them with their confident hope. Ecclesiasticus 49:10 (c.180 BC)

- Core message
- The Tenach
  - The Dodecapropheton
  - Early 800's to late 700's BC -Obadiah, Joel & Jonah
  - •700's BC Amos, Hosea, Micah & Nahum
  - 600's BC Zephaniah & Habakkuk
     500's to 400's BC The postexilic prophets Haggai, Zechariah & Malachi

- Introduction
- The Tenach
- An Overview of Prophecy

#### • What is prophecy?

What is prophecy?
 The proclamation of a prophet

• What is prophecy?

 The proclamation of a prophet
 A forth-telling

• What is prophecy?
- The proclamation of a prophet
- Forth-telling
- Foretelling

If what a prophet proclaims in the name of the Lord does not take place or come true, that is a message the Lord has not spoken Deut. 18:22

I am God, and there is no other; I am God, and there is none like me. I make known the end from the beginning, from ancient times, what is still to come. Isaiah 46:9b-10

...I told you these things long ago...so you could not say, 'my idols did them.'...now I tell you of new things ...so you cannot say, 'Yes, I knew of them.' Isaiah 48:5ff

# ProphecyWhat is prophecy?What is a prophet?

Prophecy
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What is a prophet?
To prophesy is to summon, announce or call

**Prophecy** • What is prophecy? • What is a prophet? To prophesy is to summon, announce or call A prophet is the one belonging to God

- What is prophecy?
- What is a prophet?
  - To prophesy is to summon, announce or call
  - A prophet is the one belonging to God
  - A seer is one who receives a vision

The *hazon* (vision) concerning Judah and Jerusalem that Isaiah, son of Amoz *hazut* (saw) Isaiah 1:1

The words of Amos, one of the shepherds of Tekoa - what he *hazah* (saw) concerning Israel... Amos 1:1 Prophecy
What is prophecy?
What is a prophet?
What is the purpose of prophecy?

- What is prophecy?
- What is a prophet?
- What is the purpose of prophecy?
  - -To encourage dependence on God
  - -To remind of the covenant conditions
  - -To remind of the unconditional parts of the covenant
  - -To call on people to change their minds
  - -To validate the authenticity of the message

- What is prophecy?
- What is a prophet?
- What is the purpose of prophecy?
- How is prophecy interpreted?

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-Eisegetical approach

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  - -Eisegetical approach
  - -Exegetical approach

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Kinds of prophecies: unambiguous, gap, double reference, type prophecies & motif

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  The Day of the Lord in Prophecy

- Introduction
- The Tenach
- An Overview of Prophecy
- The Day of the Lord in Prophecy
  - When the enemies of God & humanity are judged. When God's people are purged,
    - cleansed and redeemed.

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- God in Human History

God in Human History

The history of the divided
monarchy

God in Human History
The history of the divided monarchy

- -God divided Israel over idolatry.
  - •Northern 10 tribes under Jeroboam
  - Southern 2 tribes under Rehoboam

## God in Human History The history of the divided monarchy

- -God divided Israel over idolatry
  - •Northern 10 tribes under Jeroboam
  - •Southern 2 tribes under Rehoboam
- There were tremendous pressures upon Judah & Israel from surrounding nations.



### **God in Human History**

- The history of the divided monarchy
  - -God divided Israel over idolatry
    - •Northern 10 tribes under Jeroboam
    - •Southern 2 tribes under Rehoboam
  - -There were tremendous pressures upon Judah & Israel from surrounding nations.
  - -Israel (721 BC) then Judah (586 BC) fell to foreign invaders.
- -God divided Israel over idolatry
- -There were tremendous pressures upon Judah & Israel from surrounding nations.
- -Israel (721 BC) then Judah (597 BC) fell to foreign invaders.
- -After resettlement (538, 457 & 445 BC) no more idolatry

• The Promises of God

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-Abrahamic Covenant

Now the LORD said to Abram, "Go forth from your country, And from your relatives And from your father's house, To the land which I will show you; And I will make you a great nation, And I will bless you, And make your name great; And so you shall be a blessing; And I will bless those who bless you, And the one who curses you I will curse. And in you all the families of the earth shall be blessed." Gen.12:1-3 (c.f. 15:1-21 for the cutting of the covenant)

- The Promises of God
  - -Abrahamic Covenant unilateral
  - -The Mosaic Covenant

I am the Lord your God who brought you out of Egypt, out of the land of slavery. You shall have no other gods before me. You shall not make for yourself and idol...You shall not misuse the name of the Lord your God...Remember the sabbath... Honor your father and your mother...You shall not murder. You shall not commit adultery. You shall not steal. You shall not give false testimony...You shall not covet.

Exodus 20:1-17 Deut. 4 (Deut.6-11, 28) – blessings for fidelity & curses for infidelity

- The Promises of God
  - -Abrahamic Covenant unilateral
  - -Mosaic Covenant bilateral
  - -Davidic Covenant

...tell my servant David...I will make your name great...I will provide a place for my people Israel...so that they can have a home of their own and no longer be disturbed...I will also give you rest from all your enemies...will establish a house for you...I will establish his kingdom.Your house and your kingdom will endure forever before me; your throne will be established forever. 2 Samuel 7:4-16

see also Psalm 89:3f; 26ff & Psalm 132:11-18

- The Promises of God
  - -Abrahamic Covenant unilateral
  - -Mosaic Covenant bilateral
  - -Davidic Covenant some unilateral & some bilateral features

- The Promises of God
  - -Abrahamic Covenant unilateral
  - -Mosaic Covenant bilateral
  - -Davidic Covenant some unilateral & some bilateral elements
  - **Problem** these promises clash with each other!

- The Promises of God
  - -These promises clash with each other!
    - How can a destroyed nation (under the Mosaic) fulfill the Abrahamic & Davidic covenants?

- The history of the divided monarchy
- The Promises of God
  - -These promises clash with each other!
    - How can a destroyed nation (under the Mosaic) fulfill the Abrahamic & Davidic covenants?
      God will resurrect the destroyed nation!

- The history of the divided monarchy
- The Promises of God
  - -These promises clash with each other!
    - •How can a destroyed nation fulfill the other covenants?
    - How can a dead-end lineage produce an eternal king (under the Davidic)?

- The history of the divided monarchy
- The Promises of God
  - -These promises clash with each other!
    - •How can a destroyed nation fulfill the other covenants?
    - How can a dead-end lineage produce an eternal king (Davidic)?
      An eternal messiah will fulfill the Davidic covenant!

- The history of the divided monarchy
- The Promises of God
  - -These promises clash with each other!
    - •How can a destroyed nation fulfill the other covenants?
    - How can a dead-end lineage produce an eternal king (Davidic)?
      A 'servant' of God will fulfill the Abrahamic & Mosaic covenants!

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### **Homework Assignment**

- Read the historical documents
- Read & annotate Obadiah, Joel & Jonah
- Memorize Joel 2:13 & Jonah 2:8
- Ponder the personal application of these books
- Prepare answers to the following: